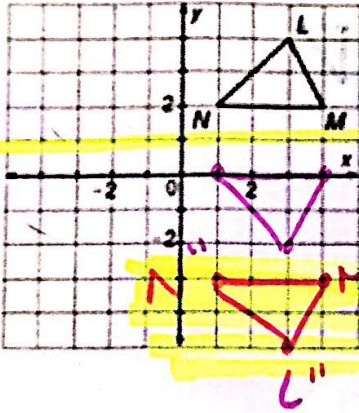


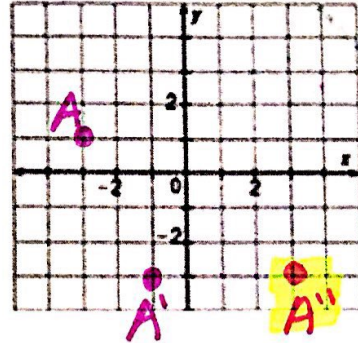
Graphing Sequences of Transformations

Graph the image after the indicated sequence of rigid transformations.

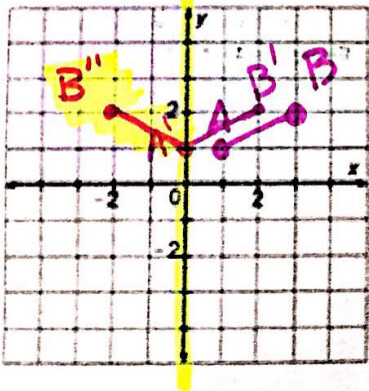
1. Reflect over $y = 1$ then translate 3 units down.



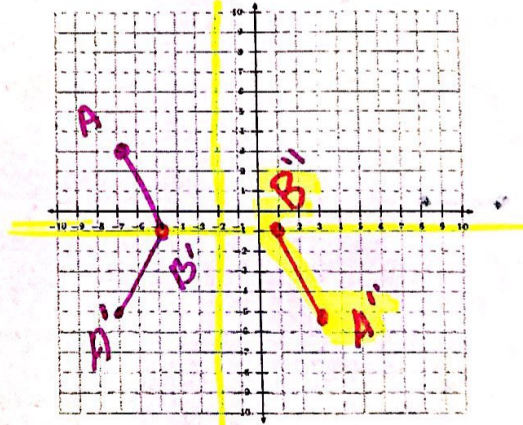
2. Rotate the point A $(-3, 1)$ 90 degrees counterclockwise about the origin then translate 4 units to the right.



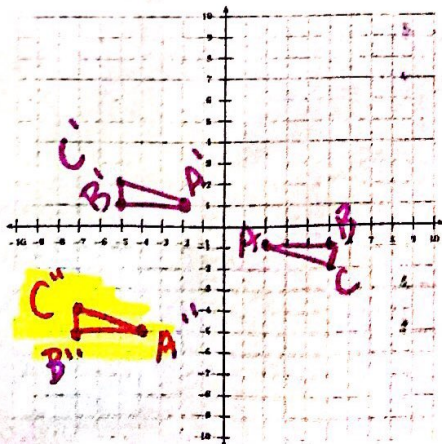
3. Translate the line segment with endpoints $A(1,1)$ and $B(3,2)$ one unit to the left then reflect over the line $x = 0$. (y-axis)



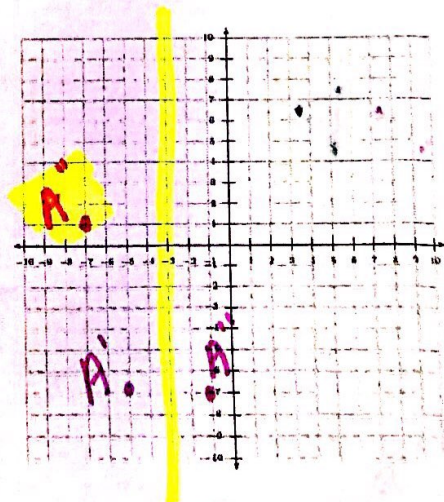
4. Reflect the line segment with endpoints $A(-7,3)$ and $B(-5, -1)$ over the line $y = -1$. Then reflect over the line $x = -2$.



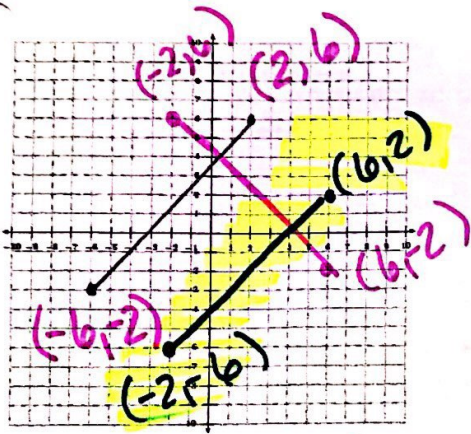
5. Triangle ABC has vertices $A(2, -1)$, $B(5, -1)$, $C(5, -2)$. Rotate 180 degrees about the origin. Then translate 2 to the left and 6 down.



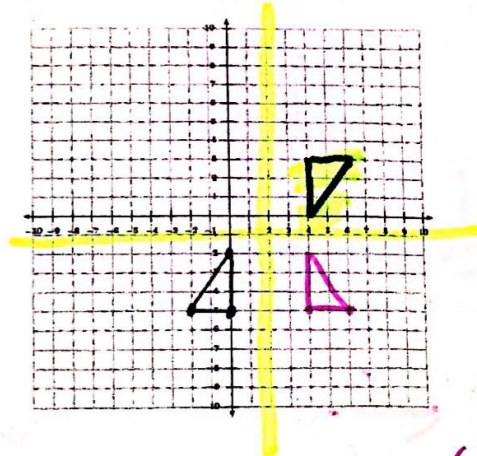
6. Reflect the point A $(-5, -7)$ over the line $x = -3$. Then rotate 90 degrees clockwise about the origin.



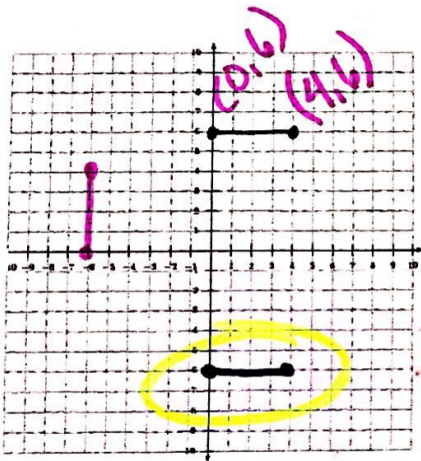
7. i. $A(x, y) \rightarrow A'(-x, y)$
 ii. $A'(x, y) \rightarrow A''(x, -y)$



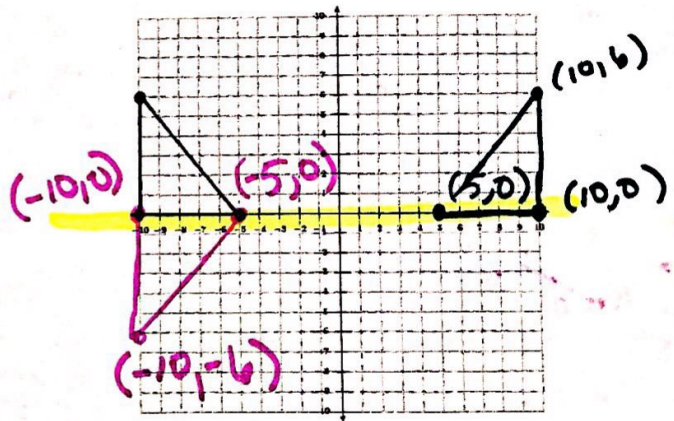
8. i. $A \rightarrow A'$ Reflect over $x = 2$
 ii. $A' \rightarrow A''$ Reflect over $y = -1$



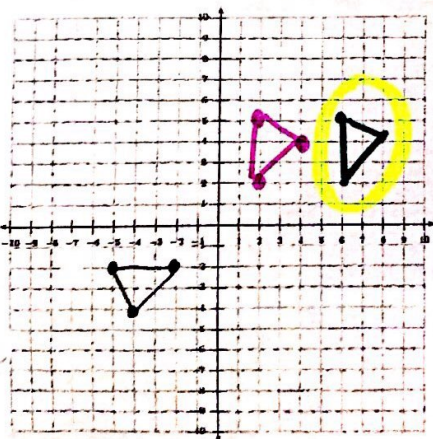
9. i. $A(x, y) \rightarrow A'(-y, x)$
 ii. $A'(x, y) \rightarrow A''(y, x)$



10. i. $A \rightarrow A'$ Reflect over $y = 0$ (x-axis)
 ii. $A'(x, y) \rightarrow A''(-x, -y)$



11. i. $A(x, y) \rightarrow A'(-y, -x)$
 ii. $A'(x, y) \rightarrow A''(x + 4, y)$



12. i. $A(x, y) \rightarrow A'(y, -x)$
 ii. $A'(x, y) \rightarrow A''(x, -y)$

