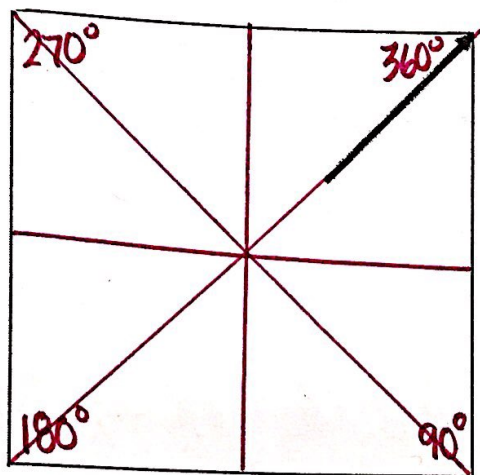
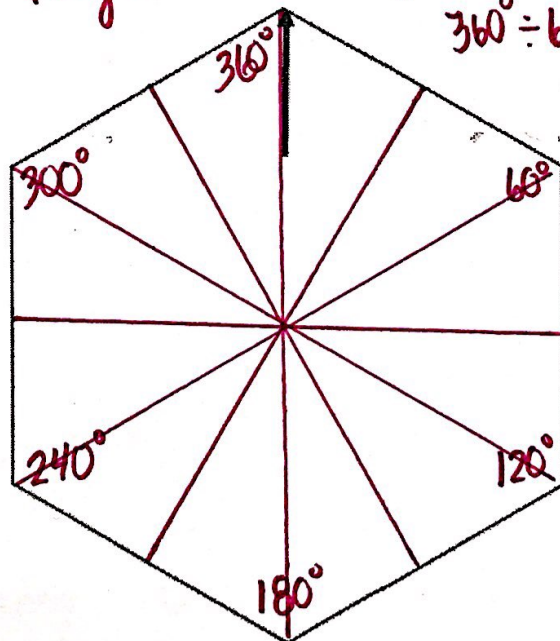


Square

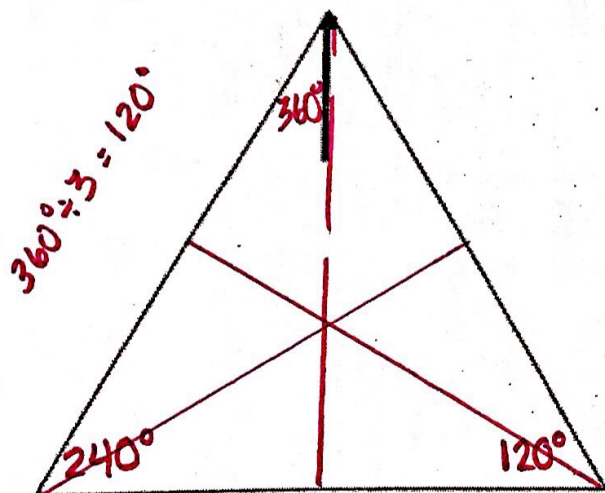


Regular Hexagon

$$360^\circ \div 6 = 60^\circ$$

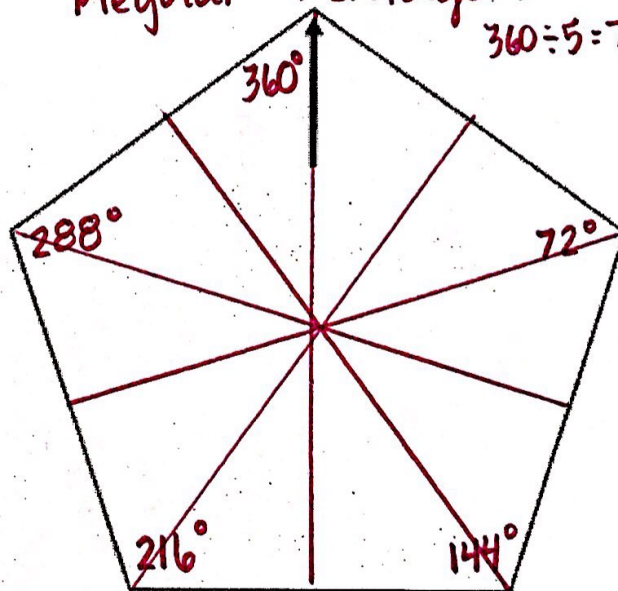


Equilateral Triangle

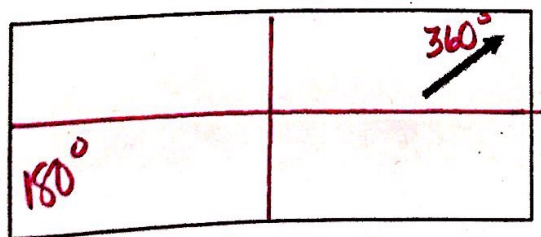


Regular Pentagon

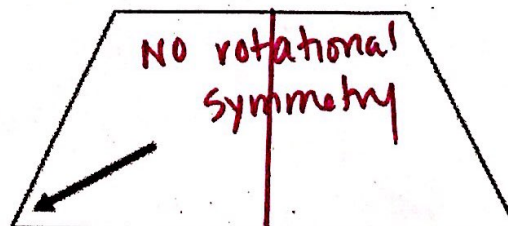
$$360^\circ \div 5 = 72^\circ$$



Rectangle



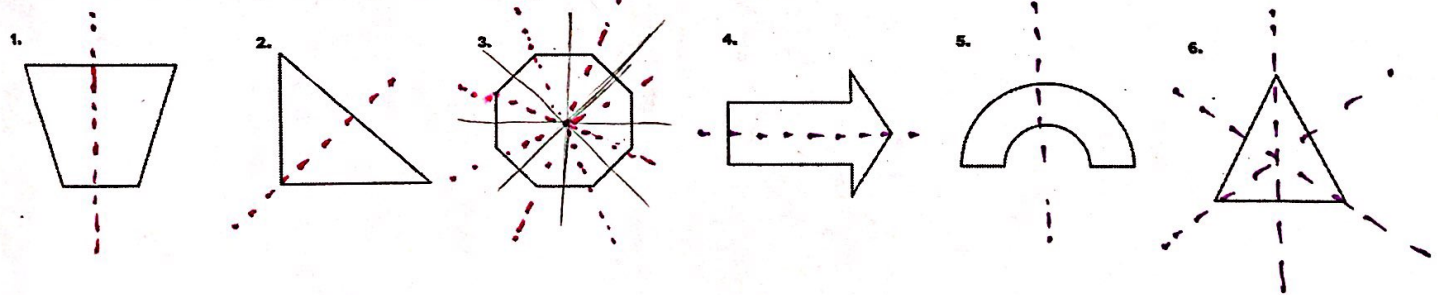
Trapezoid



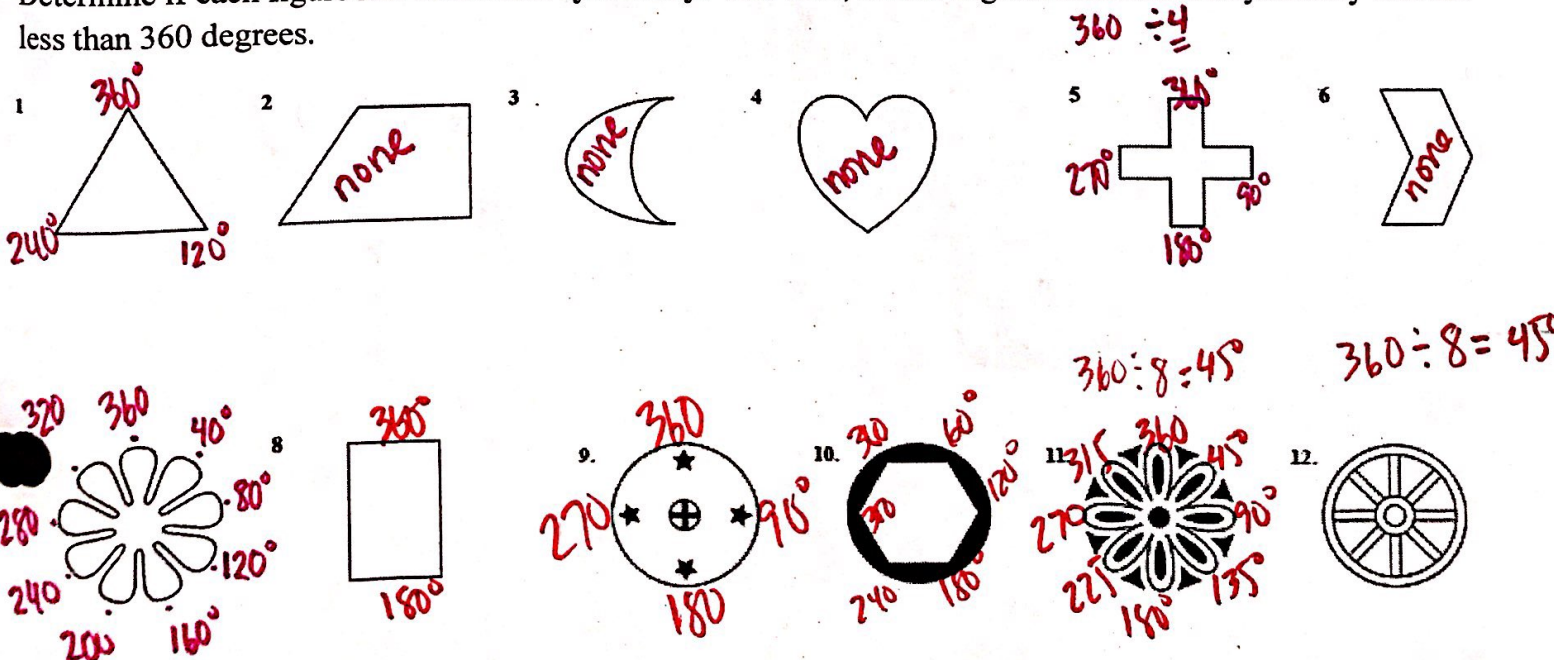
Symmetry

Name of Polygon	Degrees of Rotation that will map/carry the polygon onto itself.	Number of Reflection Lines that will map/carry the polygon onto itself.
Square	$90^\circ, 180^\circ, 270^\circ, 360^\circ$	4 lines of reflection
Equilateral Δ	$120^\circ, 240^\circ, 360^\circ$	3
Regular Pentagon	$72^\circ, 144^\circ, 216^\circ, 288^\circ, 360^\circ$	5
Regular Hexagon	$60^\circ, 120^\circ, 180^\circ, 240^\circ, 300^\circ, 360^\circ$	6
Rectangle	$180^\circ, 360^\circ$	2
Trapezoid	No rotational symmetry	1

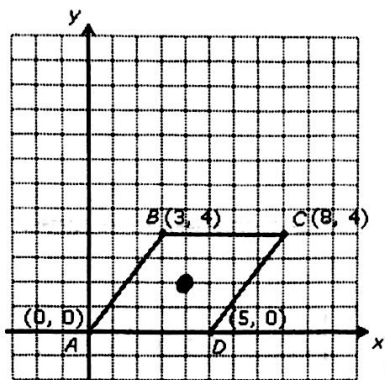
Draw all lines of symmetry on each figure.



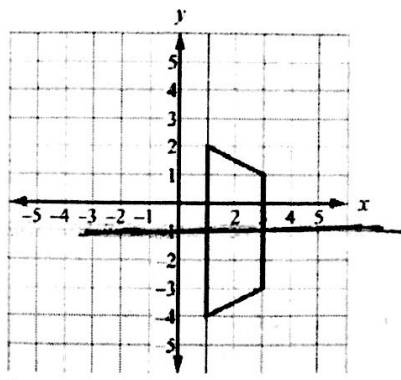
Determine if each figure has **rotational symmetry**. If it does, list all degrees of rotational symmetry that are less than 360 degrees.



Fill in the blanks to list the transformations that map/carry each figure onto itself.



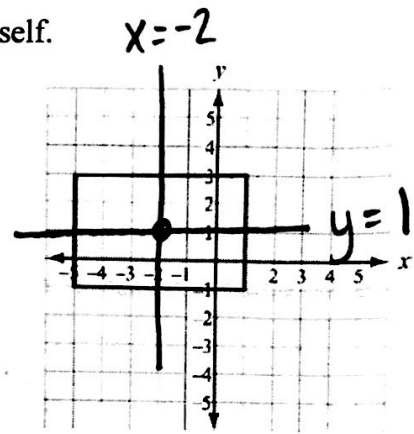
Rotate 180° degrees about $(4, 2)$



~~Reflect over the line~~

~~Reflect over the line~~

$y = -1$



Reflect over the line $x = -2$

Reflect over the line $y = 1$

Rotate 180° degrees about $(-2, 1)$