

$$\begin{aligned}
 (24) \quad & \sec^6 x (\sec x \tan x) - \sec^4 x (\sec x \tan x) = \sec^5 x \tan^3 x \\
 & \sec x \tan x (\sec^4 x - \sec^4 x) = \sec^5 x \tan^3 x \\
 & \sec x \tan x \cdot \sec^4 x (\sec^2 x - 1) = \sec^5 x \tan^3 x \\
 & \sec x \cdot \tan x \cdot \sec^4 x \cdot \tan^2 x = \sec^5 x \tan^3 x \\
 & \sec^5 x \cdot \tan^3 x = \sec^5 x \tan^3 x
 \end{aligned}$$

$$(25) \quad \tan\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - x\right) \sec x = \csc x$$

$$\cot x \sec x = \csc x$$

$$\frac{\cos x}{\sin x} \cdot \frac{1}{\cos x} = \csc x$$

$$\frac{1}{\sin x} = \csc x$$

$$(30) \quad \frac{1 + \csc(-\theta)}{\cos(-\theta) + \cot(-\theta)} = \sec \theta$$

$$\frac{1 - \csc \theta}{\cos \theta - \cot \theta} = \sec \theta$$

$$\frac{1 - \frac{1}{\sin \theta}}{\cos \theta - \frac{\cos \theta}{\sin \theta}} = \sec \theta$$

$$\frac{\frac{\sin \theta}{\sin \theta} \left(1 - \frac{1}{\sin \theta}\right)}{\frac{\sin \theta}{\sin \theta} \left(\cos \theta - \frac{\cos \theta}{\sin \theta}\right)} = \sec \theta$$

$$\frac{\sin \theta - 1}{\sin \theta \cos \theta - \cos \theta}$$

$$= \frac{\sin \theta - 1}{\sin \theta} \cdot \frac{\sin \theta}{\sin \theta \cos \theta - \cos \theta} = \frac{\cancel{\sin \theta} - 1}{\cancel{\sin \theta}} \cdot \frac{\cancel{\sin \theta}}{\cos \theta (\cancel{\sin \theta} - 1)} = \frac{1}{\cos \theta} = \sec \theta$$

$$\frac{\sin \theta - 1}{\sin \theta \cos \theta - \cos \theta}$$

$$(42) \quad \overbrace{\csc x (\csc x - \sin x)} + \frac{\sin x - \cos x}{\sin x} + \cot x = \csc^2 x$$

$$\frac{1}{\sin x} \cdot \frac{1}{\sin x} - \frac{1}{\cancel{\sin x}} \cdot \frac{\cancel{\sin x}}{1} + \frac{\cancel{\sin x}}{\cancel{\sin x}} - \frac{\cancel{\cos x}}{\cancel{\sin x}} + \frac{\cancel{\cos x}}{\cancel{\sin x}} = \csc^2 x$$

$$\frac{1}{\sin^2 x} - \cancel{1} + \cancel{1} = \csc^2 x$$

$$\frac{1}{\sin^2 x} = \csc^2 x$$

$$(44) \quad 4 \tan^4 x + \tan^2 x - 3 = \sec^2 x (4 \tan^2 x - 3)$$

$$* 4x^4 + x - 3 = (4x^2 - 3)(x^2 + 1)$$

$$(4 \tan^2 x - 3) (\tan^2 x + 1) = \sec^2 x (4 \tan^2 x - 3)$$

$$(4 \tan^2 x - 3) \sec^2 x = \sec^2 x (4 \tan^2 x - 3)$$

$$(46) \quad \sin x (1 - 2 \cos^2 x + \cos^4 x) = \sin^5 x$$

$$\sin x (\cos^4 x - 2 \cos^2 x + 1) = \sin^5 x$$

$$\sin x (\cos^2 x - 1) (\cos^2 x - 1) = \sin^5 x$$

$$\sin x \cdot \underbrace{-1}_{\sin^2 x} \cdot \underbrace{-1}_{\sin^2 x} \cdot (-\cos^2 x + 1) = \sin^5 x$$

$$\sin x \cdot \sin^2 x \cdot \sin^2 x = \sin^5 x$$

OR

$$\sin x (1 - 2 \cos^2 x + \cos^4 x) = \sin^5 x$$

$$\sin x (1 - \cos^2 x) (1 - \cos^2 x) = \sin^5 x$$

$$\sin x \cdot \sin^2 x \cdot \sin^2 x = \sin^5 x$$

$$(49) \csc^4 \theta - \cot^4 \theta = 2 \csc^2 \theta - 1$$

$$(\csc^2 \theta + \cot^2 \theta)(\csc^2 \theta - \cot^2 \theta) = 2 \csc^2 \theta - 1$$

$$\left(\csc^2 \theta + \csc^2 \theta - 1 \right) \cdot 1 = 2 \csc^2 \theta - 1$$

$$(50) \frac{\cot \theta}{\csc \theta - 1} = \frac{\csc \theta + 1}{\cot \theta}$$

$$\frac{(\csc \theta + 1) \cot \theta}{\csc \theta - 1} = \frac{\csc \theta + 1}{\cot \theta}$$

$$\frac{(\csc \theta + 1) \cot \theta}{\csc^2 \theta - 1} = \frac{\csc \theta + 1}{\cot \theta}$$

$$\frac{(\csc \theta + 1) \cancel{\cot \theta}}{\cancel{\cot^2 \theta}} = \frac{\csc \theta + 1}{\cot \theta}$$

$$\frac{\csc \theta + 1}{\cot \theta} = \frac{\csc \theta + 1}{\cot \theta}$$

$$(52) \frac{\sin^3 \theta + \cos^3 \theta}{\sin \theta + \cos \theta} = 1 - \sin \theta \cos \theta$$

$$\frac{(\cancel{\sin \theta + \cos \theta})(\sin^2 \theta + \sin \theta \cos \theta + \cos^2 \theta)}{\cancel{\sin \theta + \cos \theta}} = 1 - \sin \theta \cos \theta$$

$$\underbrace{\sin^2 \theta + \cos^2 \theta}_{1} - \sin \theta \cos \theta = 1 - \sin \theta \cos \theta$$

$$1 - \sin \theta \cos \theta = 1 - \sin \theta \cos \theta$$