

# Independent Events Probability

Two events are said to be **Independent** if the occurrence of the first event does **NOT** affect the probability of the second event and events are independent if  $P(A) \cdot P(B) = P(A \text{ and } B)$

## INDEPENDENT PROBABILITY

1. Determine the following probabilities if each of the following are **independent**.

**GIVEN:**  $P(A) = 0.8$

$P(B) = 0.25$

$P(C) = 0.6$

a.  $P(A \text{ and } C) =$

Decimal:

b.  $P(A \text{ and } B \text{ and } C) =$

Decimal:

c.  $P(\text{Rolling a 4 on a standard die and } B) =$



Decimal:

d. Find  $P(D)$  if  $D$  is an independent event and

$P(C \text{ and } D) = 0.10$

Decimal:

e.  $P(\text{Rolling a 2 on a standard die and picking a card with a "7" on it from a standard deck of cards}) =$



Decimal:

f. If your chances of losing the shell game if you randomly pick is 2 in 3. What are the chances that you would lose 5 games in a row?

Decimal:



g. If the Atlanta Hawks free throw percentage is 82%, what is the probability that a player for the Hawks will make 2 free shots in a row?



Percentage:

h. The chance of rain on a random day in May in Gwinnett is about 30%. What would you estimate the probability of having NO rain for an entire week (7 days)?

Percentage:



i. Nancy estimates that the probability that a tornado will strike within the city limits on any given year is 0.75%. What is the probability that no tornados touch down in the next 5 years?



Percentage:

2.

**GIVEN:**  $P(M) = 0.8$

$P(N) = 0.25$

$P(R) = 0.6$

a. If the probability of  $P(M \text{ and } N) = 0.2$ , are  $M$  and  $N$  independent?

b. If the probability of  $P(N \text{ and } R) = 0.3$ , are  $N$  and  $R$  independent?

## DEPENDENT PROBABILITIES

3. Consider that 3 consecutive cards are drawn **without replacement** from a shuffled deck of cards

A. What is the probability that the first two cards drawn are face cards?

Decimal:

Decimal:

B. What is the probability that the all three cards are hearts?

Decimal:

C. What is the probability that all three cards are a King?

Decimal:

D. What is the probability that the first card is black and the second is a 2?



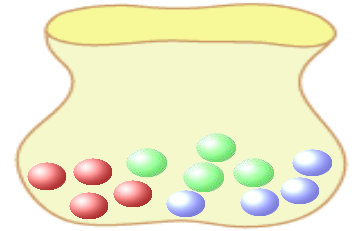
4. A bag contains 4 blue marbles, 4 red marbles, and 4 green marbles:

A. What is the probability of drawing 2 green marbles **without replacement**?

Decimal:

B. What is the probability of drawing 3 marbles without replacement in a row of the same color **without replacement**?

Decimal:



5. James has 3 dimes, 4 pennies, and 2 quarters in his pocket. If each coin is equally likely to be pulled out of his pocket in order **without replacement**, what is the probability that he will pull out the 2 quarters in a row first?



Reduced Fraction:

6. In a cookie jar there are 10 chocolate chip cookies and 8 peanut butter cookies left. The cookies are randomly mixed together in the jar. What is the probability of pulling out a chocolate chip cookie, eating it, and then pulling out a peanut butter cookie?



DECIMAL:

7. In a classroom there are 7 male students and 11 female students that are taking a test. If each student is equally likely to turn in their test at any given time at the end of class, what is the probability that the first 3 students to turn in their test are female students?



DECIMAL: